

FAQ – Frequently Asked Questions

The ClearSounds CLA7 Neckloop

1. What is a neckloop?

A neckloop is a personal listening accessory worn around the neck and connected to a sound source. The neckloop converts the input sound signal to electromagnetic waves that radiate from the wire loop placed around the individual's neck. These waves are detected and converted into sound signals by an induction coil (termed the "telephone coil" more commonly called the "t-coil") in the hearing aids. The electromagnetic waves are then reconverted back into sound by the hearing aid and delivered through the hearing aid circuitry to the audio speaker in the hearing aid. The person using a neckloop hears the sound directly through their hearing aid(s) or their cochlear implant.

2. How does a neckloop help me to hear better?

The neckloop helps people with t-coils hear better in several ways.

- a. Using the neckloop and the t-coil in the hearing aid eliminates background noise and the user receives the sound delivered directly to the hearing aid, which then shapes the sound to match the user's hearing ability.
- b. If the user has two t-coil equipped hearing aids, they can use the neckloop to hear the conversation through both ears (binaural). Studies show that hearing binaurally can improve speech understanding by over 50%. This is very significant for most people with a hearing loss.
- c. Many USA States and communities are now requiring hands-free devices when using a cell phone while driving a car. The CLA7 Neckloop is a hands-free device and is very useful in many situations in addition to use in a car.

3. Is there more than one type of neckloop?

Yes, there are two basic types of neckloops; an audio neckloop and a hands-free neckloop like the CLA7.

Audio neckloops are for listening only. The CLA7 hands free neckloop is designed for two way conversations, both listening and speaking. The CLA7 has a built in microphone for outgoing conversation and is designed for use with cellular phones, cordless phones and the ClearSounds CSC50 and CSC50-ER corded phones. In addition, with the 3.5mm Pin Adapter included with every CLA7 Neckloop, it can also be used as a high performance audio neckloop.

4. How do I tell the difference between the two?

Audio only neckloops have 3.5mm jack and are passive which means they are not powered by batteries and they do not have microphones. These neckloops take power from the sound source (e.g. SoundWizard, Pocketalker personal listening system, FM Radio, or certain telephones with 3.5mm headset jacks. Audio only headsets cannot be used with most cellular phones or cordless phones. Most audio only neckloops use 3.5mm monaural connectors since neckloops cannot separate sounds between left and right.

The ClearSounds CLA7 Hands Free neckloop has a smaller 2.5mm jack, a self contained battery power source, and a microphone for outgoing speech. The 2.5mm jack is a de facto standard that most often identifies that the device has hands free capabilities (two-way conversations). The self contained battery power source is important as the CLA7 neckloop does not depend on the cell phone or cordless phone to provide power, as most cell phones and cordless phones do not provide enough power at their 2.5mm connectors to enable use of a neckloop. The CLA7 uses two, easy to install, AAA batteries. Battery powered neckloops conserve the battery power of the cordless or the cell phone for conversational use.

5. Are all cell phone 2.5mm jacks the same?

No they are NOT! Most cell phones have either a 2.5mm jack that is used for hands free communication or they have an optional adapter available that provides a 2.5mm connector jack. A standard hands-free

headset or hands-free neckloop uses a two band connector (two black bands on the connector shaft). These are mono jacks and the black bands separate the connection points for ground, microphone and loudspeaker. All neckloops are monaural devices (mono)

Some of the newer cell phones are now providing music players and use three band connectors that provide stereo listening. Some of these connectors will properly connect with both mono and stereo jacks. You will need to confirm with the cell phone manufacturer or your carrier that the phone will work with a standard hands-free mono two band connector.

6. What are the key benefits of the CLA7 neckloop?

Sound Quality. The primary benefit of a neckloop is the sound quality. The sound signals delivered from a neckloop go **directly** into the hearing aid and the hearing aid converts those signals into the audible sounds that a person hears best. There will typically be minimal background noise, so the person hears only the sound they are trying to hear and the hearing aid or cochlear implant shapes that sound to match their specific hearing ability.

Binaural Listening. If the user is wearing two hearing aids or cochlear implants and both have t-coils, then the user has the ability to get sound into both ears. Studies have shown that binaural listening increases speech recognition and understanding by more than 50% in most people. This is especially important for people with severe hearing loss.

7. How is the ClearSounds CLA7 neckloop different?

The CLA7 has several features that make it unique and usable in many different situations. It is an advanced multi-functional neckloop.

- a. **Multiple Uses:** The 3.5mm adapter allows the CLA7 to be used as an audio only neckloop for use with many of the telephones provided in the California Program, and with other devices that have 3.5mm audio output connectors such as personal listening devices and FM receivers and with music sources like CDs players and iPods (may also require a mono to stereo adapter). The standard 2.5mm jack allows the CLA7 to be used as a hands free listening device with cordless phones that have 2.5mm connectors, cellular phones that have standard 2.5mm connectors or adapters, and with the ClearSounds CSC50 Phone.
- b. **Amplification:** For various reasons, many t-coils in hearing aids are not as efficient as needed, therefore it is very important that the neckloop compensate for that inefficiency by being able to provide more signal (amplification). Some sound sources with 3.5mm connectors, including cellular and cordless phones may not generate a powerful enough signal from the connector to drive the neckloop. The ability to amplify the sound at the neckloop is very important.
- c. **Efficient:** The CLA7 uses a multi-strand wire for its neckloop. A multi-strand neckloop wire is more efficient in power consumption and improves the signal strength and signal quality delivered from the neckloop to the hearing aid.
- d. **AAA Battery Power:** Unlike other hands free neckloops that use hearing aid batteries, the CLA7 uses easy to find, low cost and easy to install AAA batteries.
- e. **Hands free operation:** When used with either a ClearSounds 40XLC Phone, cellular phone, or a cordless phone, the CLA7 functions like a hands free headset allowing the consumer to listen to incoming voice and to talk without having to hold a handset. This enables the user to have a private conversation.
- f. **Volume control:** The CLA7 provides the user with an adjustable volume control.
- g. **Battery indicator:** The CLA7 provides the user with an illuminating LED to alert you when the neckloop is turned ON, or when the battery is low.
- h. **Quick dis-connect:** The CLA7 has a quick disconnect plug (QCD) at the wired connection to allow easy removal of the neckloop.

6. Who can use a neckloop?

Hearing aid users and Cochlear implant users. In order to use a neckloop the person must have a hearing aid or cochlear implant equipped with a t-coil functionality and the t-coil must be turned on. Usually on the hearing aid or cochlear implant there is a "T" switch or a "M/T" switch to turn on the hearing aid. If the person does not have a t-coil equipped hearing aid or cochlear implant, the neckloop will not benefit them.

7. Do all hearing aids and cochlear implants have T-coils?

No. The consumer must specifically ask that a t-coil be put into the hearing aid device. Some of the very small hearing aids CIC (completely in canal) or IEC (in ear canal) do not have enough room in the hearing aid shell to install a T-coil. The BTE (Behind-The-Ear) types of hearing aids most commonly have T-coils. Newer cochlear implants have BTE type processors that have T-coils. Sometimes it is possible for a hearing aid without a T-coil to be retrofitted with a T-coil. The consumer would need to check with their audiologist or hearing aid dispenser regarding the status of their device and t-coils.

8. My hearing aid has an “auto-switch” t-coil; will it work with a neckloop?

It **will not** unless you can manually turn on the t-coil. Auto-switch t-coils require a strong magnetic field to turn on the t-coil. Older corded phones had powerful magnets in the speakers and they worked fine with the auto-switch t-coils. Newer corded phones, cell phones and cordless phones use speakers that have a smaller magnet and do not turn on most of the auto-switch t-coils. Many hearing aid manufacturers ship a magnet with the hearing aid to help the user turn on their t-coil. Neckloops generate electromagnetic fields which are not magnetically strong enough to turn on the auto-switch t-coils. You need to discuss your options with your hearing aid provider. We suggest that you speak with your hearing aid provider to determine the ability to control your hearing aid and turn the t-coil on and off.

9. Sometimes the sound thru my neckloop is distorted, why? Can I make it clearer?

Yes, you can easily correct that situation. All sound can become distorted if it is amplified too much. The CLA7 has a 30dB amplification capability. If the sound is distorted, it means that you have too much amplification and you need to adjust either the volume control on the CLA7 or the volume control on the telephone or sound device you are using. If you have hearing aids with a volume control you may have to adjust the hearing aid volume as well. Fixing the distortion is easy by reducing the volume to a lower level.

If the sound source is sending garbled sound through the neckloop then the signal quality may be an issue. – it’s the “garbage in; garbage out” rule. If you are using a cordless phone or a cellular phone you may be at the edge of the network range of the phone and the signal may become too weak to transmit. Telephones are not high fidelity devices and conversations are not always clear. If nothing else works, try hanging up and making a new call; the new call will most likely go thru a different channel and may clear up.

10. How do I know when the batteries in the CLA7 are low?

The green LED light in the top of the CLA7 that tells you the neck loop is on will turn amber or red telling you it is time to change batteries.

11. Can I use rechargeable batteries?

Yes. Rechargeable AAA batteries are fine for use with the CLA7. There is no recharging capability built into the CLA7 so you will have to use an external charger. The beauty of the CLA7 is that if you are using rechargeable batteries and your batteries run low while away from your home or office, you can purchase AAA batteries at most retail stores. Installing new batteries is really easy.

12. How long will the AAA batteries last?

That depends on how much the neckloop is used, how much amplification is used and the type of batteries used. These are variables that affect how much power is used or is available. In average use with average batteries, we find that the CLA7 will operate for approximately 100 hours of talk time at moderate amplification.

13. I am in my car using the CLA7 with my cell phone and I get a buzzing sound, what is it?

Unfortunately, the t-coil in your hearing aid or cochlear implant and the neckloop itself will pick up electromagnetic interference (EMI) generated by your car. The amount of EMI generated varies from car

to car based on amount of electronics in the car and how well the car manufacturer shielded the EMI generators. Airplanes can also generate a lot of EMI. If the t-coil in the hearing aid is not shielded and the EMI is very strong, the amplification in the CLA7 may not be able to override the interference. In most cases communication is intelligible with the buzzing. EMI can also be generated by computers and other electrical devices. If you are using your neck loop in proximity of electrical devices you may experience a buzzing sound. To correct, move away from the device. Digital cell phones or digital cordless phones may also generate EMI that is picked up by the t-coil. Keep these devices a minimum (30cm) away from the neckloop and your hearing aids.

14. Is there something special about the 2.5mm to 3.5mm adapter supplied with the CLA7?

Yes there is. Because the CLA7's 2.5mm jack is designed to have connection points for audio input and microphone output, the jack looks like a typical stereo jack but it is not. The two black bands on the 2.5mm jack separate connection points for ground, microphone, and audio output. Standard stereo jacks have the two black bands separate connection points for ground, left audio output, and right audio output. If a standard 2.5mm to 3.5mm stereo adapter was used, one of the connectors would short out the microphone in the CLA7 and with extended use, and would damage the microphone. It is important that if the CLA7 is to be used with an audio device requiring a 3.5mm jack, that only the adapter supplied with the CLA7 be used. It is a special adapter that connects the audio output connections and bypasses the microphone connection.

15. Will the CLA7 work with the cell phones that have stereo music capabilities?

Yes, but you have to use an adapter that makes the 2.5mm connector a standard connector. These adapters are usually available from the cell phone manufacturer. Unlike the standard 2.5mm connector described above, the stereo jacks have three black bands that provide for connections to ground, microphone, left speaker, and right speaker. Trying to use a standard 2.5mm jack with these type jacks results in either the microphone not working, the loop not getting audio output, or both. Make sure that you check with the cellular manufacturer to make sure that the cell phone that you pick has a standard 2.5mm mono connector or you get an adapter to make the connector mono. A mono connector works with jacks that have two black bands on the jack.

16. What if I get no sound or the other person cannot hear me?

1. First check to make sure the CLA7 is turned on and you can see the green LED light. Then check to make sure that your hearing aids or cochlear is turned on and in t-coil mode. Then check the telephone or other device and make sure it is on and that the connector from the CLA7 is seated (pushed in all the way). If you continue to get a malfunction, you most likely have a phone with a non-standard 2.5mm connector. Check with your cell phone provider to verify that it is a standard connector (works with jacks that have two black bands). If it does not, you need an adapter for the phone.

2. It could also be possible that the CLA7 connector is not fully seated in the 2.5mm jack on the cell phone. The connector on the CLA7 is designed to work with the very large majority of cell phones. However, there is no standard for how or where on the cell phone the manufacturer places the 2.5mm connector or whether the jack is recessed or flat to the cell phone case or if recessed how deeply recessed it will be. There is a standard that most cellular manufacturers use and with which the CLA7 complies. If you look at the 2.5mm jack on the cell phone and it is flat to the case or is just slightly recessed, the CLA7 will seat perfectly with the cell phone as long as there is nothing on the cell phone to restrict the connector from being fully inserted and seated in the jack. There are some older cell phones that have a deeply recessed jack and it is possible that some new cell phones or other devices could deeply recess the jack or they could have a manufacturing defect that deeply recesses the jack. The 2.5mm connector on the CLA7 has a nib on the prong that is the de facto standard for working with recessed jacks. If the jack on the cell phone or other device is more deeply recessed than the nib on the connector you have two choices. You will either need to modify the connector on the CLA7 or select a different device. Modifications to the rubber base on the CLA7 will void your warranty. Modifications to the CLA7 are made at your own risk. Devices with deeply recessed or otherwise restricted jacks are not normal or common.

3. If you are using the neckloop with the 3.5mm adapter for use with one of the California program phones, you need to try the neckloop in some other sound device known to be working like a CD player

or the SoundWizard. Unfortunately, our experience with a number of corded phones with 3.5mm neckloop connectors is that there is a significant failure rate on that component of the phones. If the neckloop works with a different sound source then it is a phone problem. If it is a neckloop problem, check with ClearSounds for warranty service or for repair support.